



**INDIAN SCHOOL DARSAIT**  
**TERM I- SEPTEMBER 2017**  
**SAMPLE PAPER**  
**ENGLISH**



Class: V Sec: ....

Date: .....

Name: .....

Max.Marks:50

Time: 2hrs

Roll No:.....

General Instructions

1. All the questions are compulsory
2. Answer all questions in a separate paper

**SECTION A –READING COMPREHENSION**

**Read the paragraph below given and answer the following questions:-**

One of the greatest achievements of human beings has been the ability to transform raw materials obtained from nature into more refined and usable objects. The art of making paper began nearly two thousand years ago in China. The Chinese soaked old rags in water for a long time and then pulped them. This art spread from China to Baghdad and later to the Western world. The word ‘ paper’ is derived from Papyrus, a reed ( a tall slender- plant of the grass family ) used by the ancient Egyptians as writing material. The Egyptians cut papyrus stalks into thin strips and pressed crisscrossed layers of strips into sheets.

Today, almost all the paper used is made from wood pulp mixed with China clay and other substances. Like the invention of paper, printing too had its origin in China. The people of China cut designs on pieces of wood, smeared them with ink and pressed them on pieces of paper. Soon they were printing entire books by cutting characters and pictures on wood and taking their impression on paper. It is believed that there were many small blocks of wooden letters of the alphabet which could be re-used and assembled in different ways to produce many pages in print. Later, Johannes Guterberg of Germany – known as the inventor of modern printing- made moulds of sand into which he poured molten metal. He made identical metal blocks of each letter. These letters put together, made words and sentences. The first book to be printed was the Bible on sheepskin around 1453. William Caxton is believed to be the first English printer and publisher.

- Q.I **Choose the correct option and write the answer:-** 2 x ½ =1
1. Johannes Gutenberg of Germany is known as \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 a) inventor of Braille script      b) inventor of printing      c) inventor of telephone
  2. Today, almost all the paper used is made from wood pulp mixed with China \_\_\_\_\_ and other substances.  
 a) salt                                      b) clay                                      c) sand

- Q.II **Write True / False:-** 2 x ½ =1

1. The first book to be printed on sheepskin was the Mahabharata. \_\_\_\_\_
2. The art of making paper began nearly two thousand years ago in China. \_\_\_\_\_

- Q.III      **Answer the following questions:-**      3 x 1= 3
1. Who were the first to invent paper ?
  2. Define the word paper.
  3. How did the people of China print entire books ?

**SECTION B -PROSE**

- Q.IV      **Write the meanings of :-**      4 x ½ =2
- 1) snorted      2) fatigue      3) hold-up      4) exploring

- Q.V      **Frame interesting sentences :-**      3 x 1=3
- 1) as soon as      2) admired      3) getting ready

- Q.VI      **Answer the following questions:-**      4 x 2=8
1. How was the problem of the zoo solved ?
  2. Why did Hendrik give importance to a trickle from the dyke?
  3. What was the case of Mr.Brown noted from Mr.Dillon?
  4. Why did the people in Idaville call Leroy an encyclopedia?

- Q.VII      **Reference to the context:-**      4 x1=4
1. "Tonight I will stand watch at Tanga's pen."
    - a. Who said this to whom?
    - b. When did the speaker say this?
  2. " Nobody knows his real name."
    - a. Who is the speaker and whom does 'his' refer to?
    - b. Why did the speaker say this?

**SECTION C - GRAMMAR**

- Q.VIII      **Given below are the words which are related to different kinds of nouns. Arrange them in the appropriate groups:-**      10 x ½ =5

( health, weather, pack, school, Agra, bunch, pain, aeroplane, cow, September )

- a. **Common Noun :** 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. **Proper Noun:** 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. **Abstract Noun:** 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. **Collective Noun:** 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- e. **Concrete Noun:** 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_

- Q.IX      **Fill in the blanks with appropriate Interrogative Pronouns:-**      3x ½ =1½
1. \_\_\_\_\_ books are these ?
  2. \_\_\_\_\_ is your favourite movie ?
  3. \_\_\_\_\_ do you want to talk to ?

