



Subject	: ENGLISH	Topic : The Tiger	King Worksh	eet :4	
Resource Person: Date :					
Name c	of the Student :		Class:XII Division :	Roll Numb	er :
	Short answers qu	iestions			3
1.	Jilani Jung Jung known as the Tig astrologers declar The ten-day-old manner of his de The chief astrologier. The young 'Let tigers bewar	Bahadur, the kinger King. At the ger King. At the prince asked the prince asked the ath. The wise no prince growled by the decided	bes he get that nandage time of Pratibandape time of his birth nee would have to e astrologers to renen were baffled as death would contain and uttered terrift to kill one hundre	ouram, is the die one day. eveal the at this miracle. ne from the Gying words:	
2.	thus got the nam		act to the Tiger Ki	ng's question	3
3.	about the manne When the ten da the chief astrolog incredible that th about the manne prince was born are enemies. The The Tiger King g Why was it cele Pratibandapuran There was a cele Pratibandapuran anyone except the	r of his death? It is sold baby barger was wonder to baby raised a r of his death. It in the hour of the refore, death to bration time for bration time for because the state Maharaja and any one dared to be the state of the st	How did the Tiger rely opened its lip struck. He though an intelligent quest he astrologer told he bull. The bull at him shall come figers beware!" all the tigers inhate the banned tiger had a proclamation wo fling a stone at a	King take it? s in speech, at it to be cion —to know I that the and the tiger from the tiger. abiting unting was issued to	3
4.	What did the hig	h-ranking Briti	sh officer wish to	do? Was his	3





	DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH	NABEI		
	wish fulfilled?			
	The high-ranking British officer wanted to kill a tiger. When he			
	was denied the permission for hunting, he sent a word to the			
	king that he would be happy if he was allowed to get			
	photographed with the dead body of a tiger killed by the king.			
	However, his wish remained unfulfilled.			
5.	What did the Maharaja do when he stood in danger of losing his kingdom?	3		
	The Maharaja obtained some fifty expensive diamond rings of			
	different designs from a British Jewellery Company in Calcutta			
	and sent them to the British officer's good lady expecting her			
	to choose one or two rings and send the rest back. But she kept			
	all the rings and thanked the Maharaja for the gift. This cost the			
	Maharaja three lakh rupees but his kingdom was saved.			
6.	Why did the Maharaja's tiger killing mission come to a sudden			
	still?			
	Within ten years Maharaja's tiger hunting had resulted in the			
	killing of seventy tigers. However his tiger killing mission			
	came to a sudden standstill because the tiger population			
	became extinct in the forest of Pratibandapuram.			
	LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS:-			
1.	The story is a satire on the conceit of those in power. How does	6		
	the author employ the literary device of dramatic irony in the			
	story?			
	The story "The Tiger King" is a supreme example of dramatic			
	irony. The character acts in a way grossly inappropriate to the			
	actual circumstances or expects the opposite of what fate holds			
	in store for him'. Kalki has used a very dexterous use of			
	dramatic irony in the story. After killing the first tiger the King			
	flaunts its dead body before astrologer to show that he is more			
	powerful than the tiger. However, the astrologer warns the king			
	that he should be "careful with the hundredth tiger". The king			
	chooses to prove the astrologer wrong once again and makes			
	frantic efforts to kill hundred tigers. Thus, having shot at the			
	old tiger, the Tiger king believes he has killed the hundredth			
	tiger. But the reader as well as the king's officers and minions			
	ager. 2 at the reader as well as the king's officers and fillinous			





	soon come to know that the emaciated tiger does not get killed but only faints. The king gets happy of killing the tiger but in actual ignorant of this ironical fate the prediction proves to be right and mere sliver on wooden tiger's body causes his dramatic death. Quite ironically the hundredth tiger kills the king instead and astrologer's predictions stands vindicated.	
2	What impression do you form about the Tiger King after reading the story?  Ans. The Maharaja of Pratibandapuram, Sir Jilani Jung JungBahadur, had many titles and sub-names. But he was popular as the Tiger King. The chief astrologer predicted that his death would come from a tiger. Crown prince Jung JungBahadur grew taller and stronger day by day. When he grew to twenty he took the reign in his hands.  The Maharaja continued his campaign of tiger-hunting with rare single mindedness. Within a span of ten years he killed 70 tigers. It was his master strategy to marry a girl of a state which had a large tiger population. So he was able to kill 99 tigers in all. The Tiger King could pay any price to maintain his kingdom. He had to give a bribe worth three lakh rupees to a high ranking British official to retain his kingdom.  The Maharaja knew how to take work from his minions. He used the dewan to find out the suitable girl for his marriage. He could be hot-headed and doubled the tax on the people. He also threatened the dewan to dismiss him from his service. It is ironical that the King met his death by a wooden tiger. At last, the hundredth tiger took revenge upon him.	6
3	How would you describe the behaviour of the Maharaja's minions towards him? Do you find them truly sincere towards him or are they driven by fear when they obey him? Maharaja's minions were subservient and sycophantic. Most of them were scared of Maharaja and tried to keep him in good humour by obeying his orders. They did not dare to disobey him as his displeasure could mean loss of their job or even loss of their lives.  The astrologer was afraid of predicting his death, till Maharaja	6





told him to "speak without fear". Dewan who should have advised the king not to kill the tigers did not dare to go against his wishes and aided his marriage to a princess whose father's kingdom possessed a large number of tigers. Being afraid of losing his job, he presented an old tiger to satisfy the whims of his Maharaja. Likewise, the hunters chose not to inform him of the survival of the 100th tiger and instead killed it themselves fearing that they might lose their jobs. Even the shopkeeper, who sold the king a cheap wooden toy tiger, quoted a higher price lest he should be punished under the rules of emergency. So, it is evident that the king's minions were driven by fear rather than any feelings of sincerity towards their ruler.