



INDIAN SCHOOL DARSAIT DEPARTMENT OF ICT



Subject: Informatics
Practices- 065

Topic:
Database Management

Work Sheet: #3

Resource Person: Sara Alex

Date: _____

Name of the Student : _____ **Class: XI** _____

Roll Number : _____

Answer the following question based on SQL:

1. Create the following table using CREAT TABLE command.

Table: Student

Column Name	Data Type	Size	Constraints
Adno	Numeric	3	Primary key
Name	Varchar	20	NOT NULL
Class	Numeric	2	
Section	Char	1	
Fees	Numeric	10	

2. Insert the following information to the table student using INSERT INTO command.

Adno	Name	Class	Section	Fees
111	Anu Jain	12	A	2500
222	Mohit Sharma	11	B	4500
333	K.P.Gupta	12	B	3000
444	Ajit Kumar	10	A	2000
555	Nandini	12	C	3000
666	Rohan Sharma	11	B	2500

3. Write the queries upon student table given above.
 - i. Display student table information.
 - ii. To display name and class of student table information.
 - iii. To display name of 10th class student information.
 - iv. To display student's name, who are paying below 3000 fees.
 - v. Display student's name and fees, who are paying above or equal to 3000 fees.

- vi. To display students' information who are not in class 10.
 - vii. Display information of students in class 12 B.
 - viii. Display 11th and 12th class students' information.
 - ix. Display students' information, who are not in 10th class.
 - x. Display students' information, who are paying fees between 2500 and 3500.
 - xi. Display number of students in each class.
 - xii. Display sum of fees for each class.
 - xiii. Display sum of fees which is more than 5000 for each class.
 - xiv. Display class in student table.
 - xv. Display different class from student table.
 - xvi. To increase fees value by 500.
 - xvii. To increase the fees value by 100 for adno 222.
 - xviii. To add one new column totalfees with INT(5).
 - xix. To change totalfees datatype as INT(8);
 - xx. Remove totalfees column.
 - xxi. To remove adno 444 information.
 - xxii. To remove all records
 - xxiii. To remove the whole structure of student table.
4. Write the output based upon Student table given above.
- i. `SELECT * FROM student ORDER BY fees ASC;`
 - ii. `SELECT * FROM student ORDER BY fees DESC;`
 - iii. `SELECT SUM(fees) from student;`
 - iv. `SELECT AVG(fees) from student;`
 - v. `SELECT MAX(fees) FROM student;`
 - vi. `SELECT MIN(fees) FROM students;`
 - vii. `SELECT COUNT(fees) FROM student;`
 - viii. `SELECT COUNT(*) FROM student;`
 - ix. `SELECT class, count(*) FROM student GROUP BY class;`
 - x. `SELECT class, sum(fees) FROM student GROUP BY class;`
 - xi. `SELECT class, sum(fees) FROM student GROUP BY class HAVING sum(fees)>5000;`