

# INDIAN SCHOOL DARSAIT DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH



WORKSHEET - 3	<b>Topic: TENSES</b>	Name :	
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Date::	Class & Division:	Roll Number:
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#### **TENSES**

	Explanation	Simple Past	Simple Present	Future I Simple
	<u> </u>	Simple 1 ust	Simple 1 resent	<u>ruture i simple</u>
4	action that takes place once, never or several times	He played football every Tuesday.	He plays football every Tuesday.	He will / is going to play football every Tuesday.
Moment	actions that happen one after another	He played football and then he went home.	He plays football and then he goes home.	He will play football and then he will go home.
	State	He loved football.	He loves football.	He will love football.
		Past Progressive	Present Progressive	Future I Progressive
Period	action going on at that moment	He was playing football.	He is playing football.	He will be playing football.
	actions taking place at the same time	He was playing football and she was watching.	He is playing football and she is watching.	He will be playing football and she will be watching.
		Past Perfect Simple	Present Perfect Simple	Future II Simple
Result	action taking place before a certain moment in time; emphasizes the result	He had won five matches until that day.	He has won five matches so far.	He will have won five matches by then.
		Past Perfect Progressive	Present Perfect Progressive	Future II Progressive
Duration	action taking place before a certain moment in time (and beyond), emphasizes the duration	He had been playing football for ten years.	He has been playing football for ten years.	He will have been playing football for ten years.

<u>Tense</u>	Affirmative/Negative/Question	<u>Use</u>	Signal Words
Simple Present	A: He speaks. N: He does not speak. Q: Does he speak?	action in the present taking place once, never or several times facts actions taking place one after another action set by a timetable or schedule	always, every, never, normally, often, seldom, sometimes, usually if sentences type I (If Italk,)
Present Progressive	<ul><li>A: He is speaking.</li><li>N: He is not speaking.</li><li>Q: Is he speaking?</li></ul>	action taking place in the moment of speaking action taking place only for a limited period of time action arranged for the future	at the moment, just, just now, Listen!, Look!, now, right now
Simple Past	A: He spoke. N: He did not speak. Q: Did he speak?	action in the past taking place once, never or several times actions taking place one after another action taking place in the middle of another action	yesterday, 2 minutes ago, in 1990, the other day, last Friday if sentence type II ( <i>If Italked</i> ,)
Past Progressive	<ul><li>A: He was speaking.</li><li>N: He was not speaking.</li><li>Q: Was he speaking?</li></ul>	action <b>going on</b> at a certain time in the past actions taking place at the same time action in the past that is interrupted by another action	when, while, as long as
Present Perfect Simple	A: He has spoken. N: He has not spoken. Q: Has he spoken?	putting emphasis on the <b>result</b> action that is still going on action that stopped recently finished action that has an influence on the present action that has taken place once, never or several times before the moment of speaking	already, ever, just, never, not yet, so far, till now, up to now
Present Perfect Progressive	<ul><li>A: He has been speaking.</li><li>N: He has not been speaking.</li><li>Q: Has he been speaking?</li></ul>	putting emphasis on the <b>course or duration</b> (not the result) action that recently stopped or is still going on finished action that influenced the present	all day, for 4 years, since 1993, how long?, the whole week
Past	A: He had snoken.	action taking place before a	alreadv. iust.

Perfect Simple	N: He had not spoken. Q: Had he spoken?	certain time in the past sometimes interchangeable with past perfect progressive putting emphasis only on the <b>fact</b> (not the duration)	never, not yet, once, until that day if sentence type III (If I had talked,)
Past Perfect Progressive	<ul><li>A: He had been speaking.</li><li>N: He had not been speaking.</li><li>Q: Had he been speaking?</li></ul>	action taking place before a certain time in the past sometimes interchangeable with past perfect simple putting emphasis on the duration or course of an action	for, since, the whole day, all day
Future I Simple	A: He will speak. N: He will not speak. Q: Will he speak?	action in the future that cannot be influenced spontaneous decision assumption with regard to the future	in a year, next, tomorrow If-Satz Typ I (If you ask her, she will help you.) assumption: I think, probably, perhaps
Future I Simple (going to)	<ul><li>A: He is going to speak.</li><li>N: He is not going to speak.</li><li>Q: Is he going to speak?</li></ul>	<b>decision</b> made for the future conclusion with regard to the future	in one year, next week, tomorrow
Future I Progressive	<ul><li>A: He will be speaking.</li><li>N: He will not be speaking.</li><li>Q: Will he be speaking?</li></ul>	action that is <b>going on</b> at a certain time in the future action that is sure to happen in the near future	in one year, next week, tomorrow
Future II Simple	<ul><li>A: He will have spoken.</li><li>N: He will not have spoken.</li><li>Q: Will he have spoken?</li></ul>	action that will be <b>finished</b> at a certain time in the future	by Monday, in a week
Future II Progressive	<ul><li>A: He will have been speaking.</li><li>N: He will not have been speaking.</li><li>Q: Will he have been speaking?</li></ul>	action taking place before a certain time in the future putting emphasis on the <b>course</b> of an action	for, the last couple of hours, all day long

#### Exercise

### I Correct the following sentences using proper tense forms :

- 1. I am knowing you.
- 2. Ram is seeing the bus coming.
- 3. The sun is rising in the east.

- 4. Two and two are making four.
- 5. Mohan is always taking exercise in the morning.
- 6. He has come yesterday.
- 7. I have finished my work last night.
- 8. We use to go to Shimla every summer.
- 9. We would talk for hours but we have left this habit now.
- 10.Mahesh is owning two houses.

## II. There is an error in the use of verb in each of the following lines. Find the error and write the correct word in the space provided. The first one has been done as an example.

(4 mks)

EDITING TASK	Error	Correction
When Gagrin has been in space for	e.g. has	had
rather an hour, he had nearly complete	(a)	
a journey right round the earth. It is	(b)	
time to prepare for the landing. This is	(c)	
perhaps the most dangerous part of the trip.		
If he comes into the air too quickly,	(d)	
his ship will rub against the air particles	(e)	
and the friction will make the ship very	(f)	
hot. It will burn up. The speed	(g)	
of the Vostok have to be checked.	(h)	

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